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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/772,560	02/05/2004	Patricia Lewis	MOR3334P2090US	5508
32116 7590 09/24/2008 WOOD, PHILLIPS, KATZ, CLARK & MORTIMER 500 W. MADISON STREET			EXAMINER	
			CHIN SHUE, ALVIN C	
SUITE 3800 CHICAGO, IL 60661		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3634	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/24/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/772,560 LEWIS ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit Alvin C. Chin-Shue 3634 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 June 2008. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1.2 and 11 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,2 and 11 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SZ/UE)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date ______

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 2 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over GB. Pat. '010 to Wood. To form the arm loops (1, 1a of figs.1 and 12 or 13, 14 of fig. 7) with the drag grip (4, 5) of a continuous length of strapping would have been an obvious mechanical expediency, furthermore, to make an article of a continuous or of separate pieces is not deemed to be an unobvious patentable distinction.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 2 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over GB pat. '010 to Wood in view of Nunn et al. Wood in figs 7 and 8 shows arm loops 13, 14 and a grip 4,5, the claimed difference being the arm loops and grip are not stated as being formed of a single continuous length of material. Nunn shows arm loops 14 and grip 18 being formed from a single

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continuous length of material. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify his arm loops and grip to be made from a single length of material, as taught by Nunn, to facilitate construction.

Claims 1, 2 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hengstenberger et al. '671 in view Everroad. Hengstenberger shows arms loop14 and a grip loop 16, the claimed difference being a loop for each arm. Everroad shows harness having a loop 35 and 36 for each arm. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the arm loop 14 of Hengstenberger to form a pair of loops, as taught by Everroad, for encircling each arm.

Claims 1, 2 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hengstenberger et al. '671 in view Schoenbrun. Hengstenberger shows arms loop14 and a grip loop 16, the claimed difference being a loop for each arm. Schoenbrun shows harness having a pair of loop at 3, B and 2, A, respectively, for each arm. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the arm loop 14 of Hengstenberger to form a pair of loops, as taught by Schoenbrun, for encircling each arm.

Applicant's arguments filed 6/26/08 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. With respect to Wood, straps 1a, 1b, as shown in figs 1 and 11, and straps 13, 14, as shown in figs. 7 and 8 form arm loops that are connected to a drag grip 4, 5 at a common juncture. With respect to forming the arm loops and grip of wood of one piece of material, it has been held that forming in one piece an article which has formerly been formed in two pieces and put together involves only routine skill in the art. Howard v. Detroit Stove Works, 150 U.S. 164 (1893).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alvin C. Chin-Shue whose telephone number is 571-272-6828. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:00 a.m. - 4:30 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor. Katherine Mitchell can be reached on 571-272-7069. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Alvin C. Chin-Shue Primary Examiner Art Unit 3634

/Alvin C. Chin-Shue/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3634